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# Iron County Register.

F. P. AKE, Publisher. State Historical Society

OUR GOD, OUR COUNTRY AND TRUTH.

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VOLUME XLVIII.

IRONTON, MO., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1914.

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JOB-WORK

Best equipped Job Printing establishment in this section of the State. We insure satisfaction; prices reasonable.

TRY US.

The Amendments.

JEFFERSON CITY, September 5.—The fifth of the series of arguments on the measures to be submitted to vote at the coming election was today issued by Secretary of State Cornelius Roach. Those wishing to vote intelligently on Amendment Number Five should preserve this article. The sole purpose in giving these arguments is to furnish information to the voter, and the Secretary of State is in no way responsible for assertions made on either side of any subject discussed.

The champions of Amendment No. 5 give the following reasons why the measure should be adopted:

This amendment applies only to St. Louis and Kansas City, and its purpose is to give these cities the power by a two-thirds majority of their qualified voters to issue bonds to an amount not exceeding 5 per cent. of the value of the taxable property therein, for the purpose of constructing or acquiring subways and their appurtenances for the transportation of persons, baggage, express and freight, and for pipes, wires and cables used for public service purposes, to be owned and operated or leased by the city. Because of the rapid growth of these two cities in size and population and the congestion of traffic in their business districts, it will be necessary for their traffic to be handled by means of subways, as in other large cities, to relieve the congestion in the business districts, and to provide for rapid transportation to outlying portions of the city. Because of the large sums involved in the construction of such subways, private capital has been slow to invest in them and they must be constructed with public funds. They can be leased to private enterprises for an amount sufficient to pay the interest and provide a sinking fund for the bonds.

OPPOSING ARGUMENT.

The reasons given by the opponents of Amendment No. 5 why it should be voted down are as follows:

If this Amendment is adopted, the people of the State will have conferred on St. Louis the power to increase its debt-making power to buy or build a subway for traffic. Taxes in St. Louis for city purposes are already higher than a mad cat's back, and every time the subject of taxes is mentioned the average St. Louisian froths at the mouth at the amount of taxes he pays as compared with the amount his country cousin pays in Missouri. The way to keep taxes down is to vote against propositions like this. Save St. Louis from its extravagant notions. The metropolis has made great progress the past century without a subway and will continue to flourish without mortgaging its people and future generations for an expensive project not at all necessary.

The Republican Refuge: Lies.

(From the St. Louis Republic.)  
The Republicans of Missouri, desperate, have thrown morals overboard. They have taken to what a certain Old Book calls "a refuge of lies."

In those matters of political fact into which enter the factors of sympathy or mere personal opinion, it is not to be expected that partisans of opposite political faiths should see eye to eye. Such expressions as "success in administration," "economy in the expenditure of revenues," "efficiency of government" and the like are relative and every partisan uses them as he likes. But there are many things in politics which may be as exactly determined as the time of day, and in treating of these things the standards of truth are severe and are alike for all men of all parties. And while the public is very tolerant of partiality in matters of partisan opinion, when it comes to questions of exactly demonstrable fact, it applies the standards of the Decalogue to the utterance of a party or a party organ as it does to the utterance of a banker.

The Republic charges that the Republican platform, adopted in St. Louis Wednesday, lies about the Underwood tariff and its operation. We quote:

The Democratic party has enacted a tariff law that has resulted in turning against us the balance of trade, taking from the American farmer the protection he has enjoyed in the past and leaving our people to the mercy of the competition of the coolie labor of the Orient and cheap labor and lands of the South American Republics; taking a duty from the manufactured products of other countries that has resulted in flooding the American market with foreign-made goods, forcing our domestic manufacturers into bankruptcy and throwing more than a million of men out of employment, closing our mills and our mines and crippling our railroads and bringing about a universal stagnation of business.

Now, there might be partisan differences of opinion as to whether the Underwood tariff was well drawn and equitable, but there can be none at all as to the balance of trade. That is the difference in value between the imports and the exports of a nation, and to ascertain it is merely a simple problem in subtraction. The official statistics for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, show that the balance of trade, so far from having, been

"turned against us," was \$470,000,000 our favor. This plank of the Republican platform opens with the most inexcusable and barefaced of lies.

It continues in the same way. We read that the operation of the tariff has been to "flood the American market with foreign-made goods." The fact is that the average increase of importations for the five-year period ending with June 30 of last year was \$139,000,000 annually. This is to be accounted for by the growth of the country in wealth and population and consequently in purchasing power in the markets of the world. Now the increase in imports for the last fiscal year was only \$81,000,000 over the year before. So far from the normal rate of increase in imports, as shown by the records of five years, having been exceeded, it was actually diminished more than 41 per cent!

We now come to that surprising bit of rhetoric about the Underwood tariff having, by flooding our markets with foreign-made goods, forced American manufacturers into bankruptcy, closed mills and mines and crippled railroads. This last year was one of universal hard times abroad; how hard will be plainly evident if the inquirer will look at the discount rates prevailing in the great European money markets during fall and winter. As a consequence our sales of manufactures in the foreign market fell off \$95,000,000 by comparison with the previous year. This fact is sufficient, alone, to account for a good deal of dullness among American industries. But at home we had a drought which reduced our grain crop more than 1,000,000,000 bushels. In consequence, the necessities of life have gone up and purchasing power has gone down.

The Republican platform lies barefacedly about the balance of trade. It lies barefacedly about the growth of imports, which has actually been slower under the Underwood schedules than it was under the Payne-Aldrich tariff. It attributes industrial dullness to the tariff when the purchases of our foreign customers fell off \$95,000,000, and we had a billion-bushel drought at home. The makers of that platform are liars and the truth is not in them.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness cured by our method that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. C. CHENEY, & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

About Railroad Ties.

(Doniphan Prospect-News.)

"Mr. Tie maker, how do you like to make ties under the present good old Democratic times? Two years ago you were getting 45 cents for white oak ties \* \* \* but now you get 35 cents," wails the Doniphan Republican. Then in another place it breaks out with this: "The Iron Mountain laid off all the inspectors and shut the tie job down good and tight. A. J. Rouse who has been one the leading buyers here for years has quit buying altogether, and other buyers are buying a few on uncertainties." Political calamity howlers, like liars, ought to have good memories; but they don't always do so. In his surcharged enthusiasm to "put one over" on the Democratic administration the Republican editorial writer fails to recollect—or if he does remember, he hopes his readers will not—that in 1907, which was Republican "times," mark you, Mr. Tie-maker was getting 44 cents for white oak ties, but early in 1908, still republican "times," the price went off to 30 cents, and all buyers quit (including Mr. Rouse) except the Western Tie & Timber Co. That was a much bigger slump in the price of ties than the one which came this year. At that time there was no cause under the shining sun for the decrease in price except that financial and industrial panic which the Captains of Industry brought on, because under the Republican-made laws they could do it for their own profit. At this time here is the great war among almost all the so called civilized nations of the earth for cause for industry uncertainty in this country. And this is not all concerning "the good old Republican times" of 1906 and 1908 which might now be mentioned since the comparison has been commenced by the Republican. At that time Mr. Tie-maker was not paid any cash for his ties, but had to take merchandise, or what was worse, "John Smith" script. And, too, at that time—glorious Republican times—Mr. Tie-maker or Mr. Any-body-else couldn't even draw his own money, if he happened to have any, out of the bank. Speaking of liking "the times," Mr. Tie-maker ought not to have a hard job at all deciding what "times" he likes best, taking every thing into consideration. Of course, the local drought which knocked us

out of crops and the foreign war which has disturbed things generally make it a mighty hard outlook for all of us right now; but, in the name of common decency and half-way fairness, let no one try to charge up the condition to "Democratic times."

What's the Use.

Before leaving for Corfu on his vacation the Kaiser issued two commands, directing society people how to behave themselves at their own dinner tables.

The first order was that they should not sit at dinner more than forty-five minutes; the second, that the gentlemen, instead of lingering for a while alone to smoke and tell man stories, should rise when the ladies retire from the board and go with them into the drawing room. It is added that fashionable society is going meekly to obey.

It is getting to be a nice, fine world, thanks to the zeal of the regulators. Indianapolis has a dance censor, a lady who hangs around whenever a dance is given, and sees to it that a visiting card can be inserted between the tangoers. A town in Wisconsin sees Indianapolis and raises. Anybody caught dancing the tango is jerked up and fined, by heck! Also the dancing school has been closed.

It is as much as a man's reputation is worth to ride in a crowded street car. Some pure-minded virgin is liable to have him arrested for standing too near, or for not standing near enough.

When you hear a woman scream you'd better make off as fast as you can run. The fact that you have been a church member for forty years and are old, bald and reputable, cannot save you from being arrested as a poison needer. Beat it!

In Germany the police swooped down upon a postal card the other day. It depicted a woman leaning out of the window with a baby in her arms; she was calling to a man, presumably the father of the child. What's wrong with that? Hal the Berlin police know. In the picture the woman did not wear a wedding ring.

You can't kiss a pretty girl, even when she dares you, for fear of microbes. You can't marry her without a certificate from the eugenists. And if you don't marry her she sues you for breach of promise.

"Johnny," said his mother, "go out and see what Willie is doing. And whatever it is tell him to stop it."

What's the use?—Dr. Frank Crane, in Evening Bulletin.

"Foolish Trading."

As producers and builders, the American people can excel all previous civilization and we are a present-day marvel in business efficiency, but in dealing with foreign countries we are a sorry lot of traders. Ever since Wm. Penn traded the Indians a handful of trinkets for what is now the State of Pennsylvania, the American people have been selling their birthright to foreigners for a mess of pottage, so to speak.

We export over \$50,000,000 of cattle and their products per annum, which feed the nations of Europe, and our American heiresses spend a similar sum in buying and maintaining counts, dukes and titled peerages. These foreign noblemen are, as a rule, absolutely worthless—in fact become a perpetual liability—for it costs more money to operate and keep them in repair than it does to run our cotton mills. European royalty puts the black sheep of its families on the block and our rich American girls buy them and we virtually exchange railroads, wheat fields and millions of dollars' worth of products of farm, mine and factory for titled papers which could not be resold for any sum. It does not require foreign treaties, a fleet of war vessels or tariff revision to stop this enormous loss. It needs only common sense in the homes of the rich.

Annapolis News.

We have had fine rains at Annapolis the past week, and looks like pouring down rain to-day.

E. A. Loyd was home the most of the past week from Mineral Point, and says trade is good and that he is thinking of putting in a small stock of groceries to run with his beer joint up there.

We now have a well drill boring for water on the school grounds, a thing that ought to have been done years ago as water has been carried there by the school children a long distance. I disapprove the eight hour system in school hours and paying high prices for teachers. There is much more red tape in the school ways now days than in the fifties and we had better schools those days and better teachers than now.

Alex Morris' team has gone out to Frost's mill near Bunker, to bring Andrew Sutton back home to Annapolis. They haven't been out there a month, and all down sick. They will move back to Annapolis at once for health.

D. Politte and family, of Arcadia, Mo., are visiting Sam Culton and

family in Annapolis, and while here took a trip to St. Louis to see the ball game and returned home Sunday. Abby Culton was a good girl and did well when she was united in matrimony to Mr. Politte.

Late corn, since the rain, is coming out and will make a half-yield at any rate.

Mr. Curby, south of Annapolis, is working his grapes up into a "Wm. J. Bryan grape elder." He has at present about five barrels of Bryan grape juice stored away and still making it as fast as he can work his grapes up.

D. A. Worley is building an addition to his wagon factory in Annapolis and when completed it will be a great help to John J. Webb's mercantile business.

James Slusher is now taking care of the Block System telephones.

In last week's issue I wish to recall the statement that John Thompson was dead. It was his son, who died suddenly and sent for his wife.

Mr. Brewer, of Piedmont, Mo., is in town to-day repairing cars. This makes the second time in four days he has had to come up here.

There have been lots of Drummers in town the past week. They certainly meant business as they carried trunks as large as a common country shanty used to be in the forties and fifties.

Jesse Culton will start out on the road again to-morrow and don't know where he will be sent when he gets to St. Louis. May be that he will be sent to Canada and hopes he will.

Robert Miller is making a first class post-master at Annapolis and will move the post-office to a more convenient place in the near future.

Joseph Brewer will not move to Flat River as was thought sometime ago. He has concluded to stay here on his farm and eat corn-bread and pork chops with the rest of us.

The rape cases would have cost the State \$1,500 less than they did if your correspondent had managed those suits. But it is done now, and pay up the costs and prepare for more.

William Lewis is in town this morning with more Real Estate affairs.

John L. Jackson made a flying trip to Redford and back last week.

Old man Clark, whom I thought dead years ago, is yet living and holds forth at Mineral Point and is hale and hearty. He used to live here and at Sabula, Mo.

Loss Hughes, of Sabula, Mo., died last Friday morning at 4:20 o'clock. He had been confined to his bed for over six months with dropsy—a mighty hard disease to overcome and get well. He leaves a widow and several children to mourn the loss of a good husband and father. They ought to be good and bear the cross to meet him in Heaven.

Reese & Farr are loading out their ties to-day.

Charles E. Bolch's ties will be loaded out to-morrow by a Piedmont crew that will come up here on a local train.

E. Wagoner will start next week to hunt for his wife, who has been gone about two months and hasn't been heard of since she left here. Her husband is quite uneasy thinking she may have been foully dealt with or killed in some of those railroad wrecks of late.

Bro. John Seal preached to the people of Annapolis last night. Mr. Seal lives in Annapolis, and we are glad to have so many good people to come in our midst the past two or three years.

Marion Tucker, of Taakee, Mo., has moved to Annapolis and is working in the Handle Factory here.

September 1. BULLETIN.

A TEXAS WONDER.

The Texas Wonder cures kidneys and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame backs, rheumatism, and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. Regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail, or receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for testimonials. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggist.—Adv.

Weather Report.

Meteorological Report of Voluntary Observer at Ironton, Iron County, Mo., for the week ending Tuesday, September 1, 1914:

Days of Week.	Temp'ture		Precipitation
	Day	Night	
Wednesday.....	26	85	90
Thursday.....	27	73	85
Friday.....	28	82	85
Saturday.....	29	79	83
Sunday.....	30	83	89
Monday.....	31	83	70
Tuesday.....	1	85	72

NOTE.—The precipitation includes rain, hail, sleet and melted snow, and is recorded in inches and hundredths. Ten inches of snow equal one inch of rain. "—" indicates trace of precipitation. W. H. DELANO, Observer.

Special Sale on at Brown's. Great bargains in all kinds of Underwear, suitable for every one, and on Hosiery, cotton, silk and lace, for men, women and children.—Adv.

## B. N. BROWN

IRONTON, MO.

# BIG BARGAINS

## AT BROWN'S

# IF You Want to Save

# Money you can do

# so Now at Brown's

# Reduction Sale.

Some Prices Cut HALF IN TWO. Come see what we can show you and Save you in

Shoes	Clothing	Underwear	Chinaware	Hosiery
Dresses	Pants	Overalls	Hats, Caps	Corsets
Skirts	Jewelry	Towels	Shirts	Glassware
Underskirts	Corset Covers	Night Gowns	Gloves	Piece Goods

Tremendous Bargains in Many Articles!

IRONTON, MO.

## B. N. BROWN

## Your Dream of COLORADO

REALIZE it this summer. See for yourself the splendid grandeur of its mountains. Take deep, long breaths of its pure, clear, health-filled air. Go now—while mountains and streams and all the matchless beauty of summer in Colorado are waiting to receive you. Go via

## Missouri Pacific

"The Highway to the Heights."

The journey is part of the vacation. Splendidly equipped through trains—sleeping, dining, parlor and observation cars. Every modern luxury and traveling convenience.

For particulars apply to



C. E. DOWNEY,

Local Agent,

IRONTON, MO.

## DR. W. J. SMITH

# OSTEOPATH

IRONTON, MO.

Treats all manner of Disease and is now prepared to devote his whole time to the Practice.

Examination Free.

Wants Old Country Gold.

I will pay highest price for Old Gold—Pins, Chains, Rings, etc. Must be not less than 14 karats. French, German or Austrian makes preferred. H. ADOLPH, Jeweler.

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MISSOURI, ss  
COUNTY OF IRON.  
In the Circuit Court, October Term, 1914.  
H. B. Ake, Elizabeth Ake, V. M. Ake and Dora E. Wemp, Plaintiffs,

Philip Helber, if living; or, if dead, the unknown heirs and devisees of Philip Helber, deceased; Philip Hilber, if living; or, if dead, the unknown heirs and devisees of Philip Hilber, deceased; Jason D. Simmons, if living; or, if dead, the unknown heirs and devisees of Jason D. Simmons, deceased; Dominique J. Lucie, if living; or, if dead, the unknown heirs and devisees of Dominique J. Lucie, deceased; George W. Fogg, if living; or, if dead, the unknown heirs and devisees of George W. Fogg, deceased, Defendants.

(Action to try title.)

The State of Missouri to the above named Defendants, Greeting:

You are hereby notified that an action has been commenced against you in the Circuit Court of the County of Iron, in the State of Missouri, for the purpose of trying title to the following described lands in Iron County, Missouri, to-wit:

The west one-half of the southeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of section fifteen, (15), in township thirty-two, (32), north, range four (4) east; and the northeast quarter of section fourteen, (14), in township thirty-two, (32), north, range four (4) east; containing, in all, 400 acres, more or less.

Which said action is returnable on the first day of the next term of said Court, to be held at the courthouse, in the City of Ironton, in the County of Iron, and State of Missouri, when and where you may appear and defend such action; otherwise Plaintiff's petition will be taken as confessed and judgment rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the IRON COUNTY REGISTER, a newspaper published in said County of Iron, for four weeks successively, published at least once a week, the last insertion to be at least thirty days before the first day of said next October term of this Court.

J. M. HAWKINS, Circuit Clerk.  
A true copy from the record.  
Witness my hand, and seal of the (SEAL) Circuit Court of Iron County, this 10th day of August, 1914.  
J. M. HAWKINS, Circuit Clerk.